To the kind attention of:

Frans Timmermans
First Vice-President of the EU Commission, in charge of Better Regulation, Inter-Institutional Relations, the Rule of Law and the Charter of Fundamental Rights

Miguel Arias Cañete
European Commissioner for Climate Action and Energy

Ban Ki-moon
Secretary-General of the United Nations

Brussels, 18th November

Dear Vice-President,

Dear Commissioner,

Dear Secretary-General,

From the 7th to the 18th of November, the 22nd Climate Summit (COP22) takes place in Marrakech, Morocco, an opportunity to defend and address the causes of climate change and to implement the decisions taken at the previous COP21 in Paris.

The Climate Conference in Morocco is a good time to draw attention to the importance of renewable energies and Euro-Mediterranean energy cooperation. Morocco is undoubtedly committed to renewable energies as seen in the programs that is promoting. The problem is that many of these projects are not implemented in Morocco but in the territory of Western Sahara.

Currently 22 windmills manufactured by the German company Siemens provide 95% of the energy needed by the Moroccan national company OCP for the controversial exploitation of phosphates in the territory of Western Sahara occupied by Morocco. Morocco has ambitious plans regarding the installation of wind farms in Western Sahara. In 2010, the Moroccan government decided to double national wind power production by increasing its capacity to 1000 MW by 2020. 40% of that additional capacity (400 MW) will be developed in Western Sahara.

The Court of Justice of the European Union recently ordered the annulment of the EU-Morocco Free Trade Agreement as long as it applied in the territory of Western Sahara.
We, the undersigned, demand:

- Member States to provide information to companies wishing to invest on the Moroccan government's activities in Western Sahara contrary to international law.

- The European Union to ensure that its Moroccan energy imports do not include energy from Western Sahara and that its institutions comply with the EU's commitment not to allocate EU funds to these programs in Western Sahara.

- The Secretary General of the United Nations to ensure compliance with United Nations resolutions regarding the exploitation of natural resources in a Non-Self-Governing Territory.

Looking forward to your kind reply.

Kind regards,

Maite Pagazaurtundúa Ruiz – ALDE Group
Paloma López Bermejo – GUE/NGL Group
Bodil Valero – Greens/EFA Group
Merja Kyllönen – GUE/NGL Group
Ángela Vallina – GUE/NGL Group
Fabio De Masi – GUE/NGL Group
Florent Marcellesi – Greens/EFA Group
María Teresa Giménez Barbat – ALDE Group
Laurentiu Rebega – ENF Group
Dimitrios Papadimoulis – GUE/NGL Group
Neoklis Sylikiotis – GUE/NGL Group
Stelios Kouloglou – GUE/NGL Group
Jakop Dalunde – Greens/EFA Group
Barbara Lochbihler – Greens/EFA Group
Michèle Rivasi – Greens/EFA Group
Izaskun Bilbao Barandica – ALDE Group
Judith Sargentini – Greens/EFA Group
Javier Couso Permuy – GUE/NGL Group
Tania González Peñas – GUE/NGL Group
Josu Juaristi Abaunz – GUE/NGL Group
Malin Björk – GUE/NGL Group
João Ferreira – GUE/NGL Group
João Pimenta Lopes – GUE/NGL Group
Miguel Viegas – GUE/NGL Group
Eva Joly – Greens/EFA Group
Josep-Maria Terricabras – Greens/EFA Group
Barbara Spinelli – GUE/NGL Group
Ivo Vajgl – ALDE Group
Estefanía Torres Martínez – GUE/NGL Group
Fabio Massimo Castaldo – EFDD Group
Martina Anderson – GUE/NGL Group
Matt Carthy – GUE/NGL Group
Liadh Ní Riada – GUE/NGL Group
Lynn Boylan – GUE/NGL Group
Kostas Chrysogonos – GUE/NGL Group
Beatriz Becerra Basterrechea – ALDE Group
Molly Scott Cato – Greens/EFA Group
Karima Delli – Greens/EFA Group
Max Andersson – Greens/EFA Group
Linnéa Engström – Greens/EFA Group
Georgios Epitideios – MEP NI
Sofia Sakorafa – GUE/NGL Group
Javier Nart – ALDE Group
Bronis Ropė – Greens/EFA Group
Ulrike Lunacek – Greens/EFA Group
Eleonora Forenza – GUE/NGL Group
Cornelia Ernst – GUE/NGL Group
Ana Gomes – S&D Group
Sabine Lösing – GUE/NGL Group
*Spanish Sahara was included in 1963 in the list of Non-Self-Governing Territories under Chapter XI of the Charter (A/5514, annex III)

*Resolution of the General Assembly 1803 (XVII) of 14 December 1962:  
Principle of “permanent sovereignty over natural resources” as the right of peoples and nations to use and dispose of the natural resources in their territories in the interest of their national development and well-being.

"the exploitation and plundering of the marine and other natural resources of colonial and Non-Self-Governing Territories by foreign economic interests, in violation of the relevant resolutions of the United Nations, is a threat to the integrity and prosperity of those Territories”, and “any administering Power that deprives the colonial peoples of Non-Self-Governing Territories of the exercise of their legitimate rights over their natural resources ... violates the solemn obligations it has assumed under the Charter of the United Nations".